# M&G Global Macro Bond Fund Sterling Class I - Accumulation shares

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783

Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec

Feb, May, Aug, Nov

High risk

Fund Factsheet as at 31 May 2024

#### **Fund description**

The fund aims to provide a combination of capital growth and income, net of the Ongoing Charge Figure, higher than the average return of the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index Unhedged USD over any five-year period. At least 80% of the fund is invested in bonds issued by government and companies from anywhere in the world, including emerging markets. These bonds can be denominated in any currency. The fund is a flexible global bond fund. The selection of bonds as well as exposure to markets and currencies are based on in-depth analysis of individual bond issuers, combined with an assessment of global, regional, and country-specific macroeconomic factors.

#### The main risks associated with this fund

For any past performance shown, please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value and income from the fund's assets will go down as well as up. This will cause the value of your investment to fall as well as rise. There is no guarantee that the fund will achieve its objective and you may get back less than you originally invested.

Investments in bonds are affected by interest rates, inflation and credit ratings. It is possible that bond issuers will not pay interest or return the capital. All of these events can reduce the value of bonds held by the fund.

High yield bonds usually carry greater risk that the bond issuers may not be able to pay interest or return the capital.

The fund can be exposed to different currencies. Movements in currency exchange rates may adversely affect the value of your investment.

The fund may use derivatives to profit from an expected rise or fall in the value of an asset. Should the asset's value vary in an unexpected way, the fund will incur a loss. The fund's use of derivatives may be extensive and exceed the value of its assets (leverage). This has the effect of magnifying the size of losses and gains, resulting in greater fluctuations in the value of the fund.

Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss as there may be difficulties in buying, selling, safekeeping or valuing investments in such countries.

Further risk factors that apply to the fund can be found in the fund's Prospectus.

#### Things you should know

The fund may invest more than 35% in securities issued by any one or more of the governments listed in the fund prospectus. Such exposure may be combined with the use of derivatives in pursuit of the fund objective. It is currently envisaged that the fund's exposure to such securities may exceed 35% in the governments of Germany, Japan, UK, USA although these may vary subject only to those listed in the prospectus The fund allows for the extensive use of

#### Largest issuers (%)

	Fund
US	23.0
Germany	7.1
UK	5.6
Mexico	3.3
New Zealand	3.2
Indonesia	2.6
Norway	2.4
Spain	2.2
Peru	2.2
Brazil	2.0

## Maturity breakdown (%)

	Physical
0 - 1 years	11.3
1 - 3 years	18.0
3 - 5 years	8.2
5 - 7 years	8.5
7 - 10 years	17.5
10 - 15 years	8.7
15+ years	24.5
Cash	3.4
Other	-0.1

## **Key information**

Fund manager(s)

Fund manager tenure from	15 October 1999
ISIN	GB00B78PGS53
Launch date of fund	15 October 1999
Launch of share class	16 December 2011
Fund size (millions)	£ 877.14
Benchmark(s)	Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index Unhedged
	USD
Benchmark type	Target
Sector	IA Global Mixed Bond sector
Number of issuers	98
Distribution yield	3.92%
Underlying yield	3.92%
Average credit rating	A+

#### Charges

Low risk

Payment dates

Ex-dividend dates

Maximum entry charge	0.00%
Ongoing charge	0.63%

#### Risk and reward profile

Modified duration (years)

1	2	2	Л	5	6	7	
Typically lov	ver rewards				Typically high	gher rewards	

1	2	3	4	5	6	<i>(</i>	
The above risk an	d reward indicato	r is based on hist	orical data and ma	y not be a reliable	indication of the	future risk profile	

of this share class. This Share Class is categorised in risk class 4 because its Net Asset Value has shown medium rises and

## Fund ratings as at 31 May 2024

Morningstar Medalist Rating™

Gold G

Analyst-Driven % 100 Data Coverage %

Overall Morningstar rating Financial Express Crown Rating

Fund Calibre Rating Rayner Spencer Mills (RSM) Rating Source of Morningstar ratings: Morningstar Source: Financial Express Source: FundCalibre

Source: RSMR Group Ratings should not be taken as a recommendation.



Yes

## Contact M&G

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For your protection calls may be recorded or monitored.

#### **Professional investor**

www.mandg.com/investments/professional-investor/en-gb Institutional

www.mandg.com/investments/institutional/en-gb

# Fund codes and charges

							Minimum	Minimum
			Share class					top up
ISIN	Bloomberg	Currency	launch date	Ongoing charge Dist	ribution yield	yield	investment	investment
GB0031616815	MGSGMBA LN	GBP	15/10/1999	1.03%	3.52%	3.52%	£500	£100
GB0031616708	MGSGMBI LN	GBP	15/10/1999	1.03%	4.56%	3.52%	£500	£100
GB00BVYJ0W14	MGGSAHA LN	GBP	07/08/2015	1.06%	3.47%	3.47%	£500	£100
GB00BVYJ0X21	MGGSRAI LN	GBP	07/08/2015	1.06%	4.54%	3.47%	£500	£100
GB00B78PGS53	MGGMIGA LN	GBP	16/12/2011	0.63%	3.92%	3.92%	£500,000	£10,000
GB00B78PH601	MGGMIGI LN	GBP	16/12/2011	0.63%	4.56%	3.92%	£500,000	£10,000
GB00BVYJ0Y38	MGGSIHA LN	GBP	07/08/2015	0.66%	3.87%	3.87%	£500,000	£10,000
GB00BVYJ0Z45	MGGSIHI LN	GBP	07/08/2015	0.66%	4.54%	3.87%	£500,000	£10,000
GB00B78PLC47	MGGMBRA LN	GBP	03/08/2012	0.88%	3.67%	3.67%	£500	£100
GB00B45PMD45	MGGMBRI LN	GBP	03/08/2012	0.88%	4.56%	3.67%	£500	£100
GB00BVYJ1063	MGGSRHA LN	GBP	07/08/2015	0.91%	3.62%	3.62%	£500	£100
GB00BVYJ1170	MGGSRHI LN	GBP	07/08/2015	0.91%	4.54%	3.62%	£500	£100
	GB0031616708 GB00BVYJ0W14 GB00BVYJ0X21 GB00B78PGS53 GB00B78PH601 GB00BVYJ0Y38 GB00BVYJ0Z45 GB00B78PLC47 GB00B45PMD45 GB00BVYJ1063	GB0031616815 MGSGMBA LN GB0031616708 MGSGMBI LN GB00BVYJ0W14 MGGSAHA LN GB00BVYJ0X21 MGGSRAI LN GB00B78PGS53 MGGMIGA LN GB00B78PH601 MGGMIGI LN GB00BVYJ0Y38 MGGSIHA LN GB00BVYJ0Y35 MGGSIHI LN GB00BVYJ0Z45 MGGSIHI LN GB00B45PMD45 MGGMBRA LN GB00B45PMD45 MGGMBRI LN GB00BVYJ1063 MGGSRHA LN	GB0031616815 MGSGMBA LN GBP GB0031616708 MGSGMBI LN GBP GB00BVYJ0W14 MGGSAHA LN GBP GB00BVYJ0X21 MGGSRAI LN GBP GB00B78PGS53 MGGMIGA LN GBP GB00B78PH601 MGGMIGI LN GBP GB00BVYJ0Y38 MGGSIHA LN GBP GB00BVYJ0Y35 MGGSIHI LN GBP GB00BVYJ0Z45 MGGSIHI LN GBP GB00B78PLC47 MGGMBRA LN GBP GB00B45PMD45 MGGMBRI LN GBP GB00BVYJ1063 MGGSRHA LN GBP	ISIN         Bloomberg         Currency         launch date           GB0031616815         MGSGMBA LN         GBP         15/10/1999           GB0031616708         MGSGMBI LN         GBP         15/10/1999           GB00BVYJ0W14         MGGSAHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015           GB00BVYJ0X21         MGGSRAI LN         GBP         07/08/2015           GB00B78PGS53         MGGMIGA LN         GBP         16/12/2011           GB00B78PH601         MGGMIGI LN         GBP         16/12/2011           GB00BVYJ0Y38         MGGSIHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015           GB00BVYJ0Z45         MGGSIHI LN         GBP         07/08/2015           GB00B78PLC47         MGGMBRA LN         GBP         03/08/2012           GB00B45PMD45         MGGMBRI LN         GBP         03/08/2012           GB00BVYJ1063         MGGSRHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015	ISIN         Bloomberg         Currency         launch date         Ongoing charge Dist           GB0031616815         MGSGMBA LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%           GB0031616708         MGSGMBI LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%           GB00BVYJ0W14         MGGSAHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         1.06%           GB00BVYJ0X21         MGGSRAI LN         GBP         07/08/2015         1.06%           GB00B78PGS53         MGGMIGA LN         GBP         16/12/2011         0.63%           GB00B78PH601         MGGMIGI LN         GBP         16/12/2011         0.63%           GB00BVYJ0Y38         MGGSIHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.66%           GB00BVYJ0Z45         MGGSIHI LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.66%           GB00B78PLC47         MGGMBRA LN         GBP         03/08/2012         0.88%           GB00B45PMD45         MGGMBRI LN         GBP         03/08/2012         0.88%           GB00BVYJ1063         MGGSRHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.91%	ISIN         Bloomberg         Currency         launch date         Ongoing charge Distribution yield           GB0031616815         MGSGMBA LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%         3.52%           GB0031616708         MGSGMBI LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%         4.56%           GB00BVYJ0W14         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    GB0031616815         MGSGMBA LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%         3.52%         3.52%           GB0031616708         MGSGMBI LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%         4.56%         3.52%           GB00BVYJ0W14         MGGSAHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         1.06%         3.47%         3.47%           GB00BVYJ0X21         MGGSRAI LN         GBP         07/08/2015         1.06%         4.54%         3.47%           GB00B78PGS53         MGGMIGA LN         GBP         16/12/2011         0.63%         3.92%         3.92%           GB00B78PH601         MGGMIGI LN         GBP         16/12/2011         0.63%         4.56%         3.92%           GB00BVYJ0Y38         MGGSIHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.66%         3.87%         3.87%           GB00BVYJ0Z45         MGGSIHI LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.66%         4.54%         3.87%           GB00B78PLC47         MGGMBRI LN         GBP         03/08/2012         0.88%         3.67%         3.67%           GB00B45PMD45         MGGMBRI LN         GBP</td><td>  ISIN   Bloomberg   Currency   Iaunch date   Ongoing charge Distribution yield   yield   investment    </td></td<>	ISIN         Bloomberg         Currency         launch date         Ongoing charge Distribution yield         yield           GB0031616815         MGSGMBA LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%         3.52%         3.52%           GB0031616708         MGSGMBI LN         GBP         15/10/1999         1.03%         4.56%         3.52%           GB00BVYJ0W14         MGGSAHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         1.06%         3.47%         3.47%           GB00BVYJ0X21         MGGSRAI LN         GBP         07/08/2015         1.06%         4.54%         3.47%           GB00B78PGS53         MGGMIGA LN         GBP         16/12/2011         0.63%         3.92%         3.92%           GB00B78PH601         MGGMIGI LN         GBP         16/12/2011         0.63%         4.56%         3.92%           GB00BVYJ0Y38         MGGSIHA LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.66%         3.87%         3.87%           GB00BVYJ0Z45         MGGSIHI LN         GBP         07/08/2015         0.66%         4.54%         3.87%           GB00B78PLC47         MGGMBRI LN         GBP         03/08/2012         0.88%         3.67%         3.67%           GB00B45PMD45         MGGMBRI LN         GBP	ISIN   Bloomberg   Currency   Iaunch date   Ongoing charge Distribution yield   yield   investment

Any ongoing charge figure with 'indicates an estimate. The ongoing charge figure may vary from year to year and excludes portfolio transaction costs. The charges are mostly, if not exclusively, the Annual Charge which may be discounted depending on the size of the fund. For further details, please see the fund's Key Investor Information Document (KIID). The fund's annual report for each financial year will include details on the exact charges made. Please go to www.mandg.co.uk/literature to view the Costs and charges illustration which contains information on the costs and charges applicable to your chosen fund and share class.

Please note that not all of the share classes listed above might be available in your country. Please see the Important Information for Investors document and the relevant fund's Prospectus for more information on the risks associated with this fund and which share classes are available for which product and which investor type.

# Asset breakdown (%)

	Physical	Short (via CDS)	Long (via CDS)	Net
Government bonds	52.3	0.0	0.0	52.3
Investment grade corporate bonds	22.2	-22.3	0.0	-0.1
Fixed rate	22.3	0.0	0.0	22.3
Floating rate	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2
Index linked	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credit Default Swaps & Indices	-0.3	-22.3	0.0	-22.5
High yield corporate bonds	-0.4	-5.1	0.0	-5.5
Fixed rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Floating rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Index linked	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credit Default Swaps & Indices	-0.4	-5.1	0.0	-5.5
Securitised	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0
Emerging markets	19.5	0.0	0.0	19.5
Equities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cash	3.4	0.0	0.0	3.4

# Country breakdown (%)

	Physical	Short (via CDS)	Long (via CDS)	Net
US	31.4	0.0	0.0	31.4
UK	11.9	0.0	0.0	11.9
Germany	8.0	0.0	0.0	8.0
Mexico	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.3
France	3.2	0.0	0.0	3.2
New Zealand	3.2	0.0	0.0	3.2
Spain	2.7	0.0	0.0	2.7
Indonesia	2.6	0.0	0.0	2.6
Other	31.1	0.0	0.0	31.1
High Yield indices	-0.4	-5.1	0.0	-5.5
Investment Grade indices	-0.3	-22.3	0.0	-22.5
Cash	3.4	0.0	0.0	3.4

# Currency breakdown (%)

	Fund
US dollar	40.4
Euro	18.7
Japanese yen	17.3
Indonesian rupiah	2.6
Norwegian krone	2.4
Canadian dollar	2.4
Brazilian real	2.0
British pound	1.9
Australian dollar	1.8
Other	10.4

# Single year performance (5 years)

From	01/06/23	01/06/22	01/06/21	01/06/20	01/06/19
То	31/05/24	31/05/23	31/05/22	31/05/21	31/05/20
■ Sterling I Accumulation	-4.4%	-2.4%	-0.6%	-9.0%	11.5%
■ Benchmark	-1.9%	-3.4%	-6.0%	0.8%	4.0%

## Performance over 5 years



Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

Benchmark: Prior to 19 April 2021 the benchmark was the IA Global Bond Sector average. From 19 April 2021 to 5th March 2023 it was the IA Global Mixed Bond Sector average. Thereafter it is Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index Unhedged USD.

The benchmark is a target which the fund seeks to outperform. The sector has been chosen as the fund's benchmark as the fund is a constituent of the sector. The benchmark is used solely to measure the fund's performance and does not constrain the fund's portfolio construction. The fund is actively managed. The fund manager has complete freedom in choosing which investments to buy, hold and sell in the fund.

Source: Morningstar, Inc and M&G, as at 31 May 2024. Returns are calculated on a price to price basis with income reinvested. Benchmark returns stated in GBP terms.

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# Credit rating breakdown (%)

	Physical	Short (via CDS)	Long (via CDS)	Net
AAA	23.4	0.0	0.0	23.4
AA	31.7	0.0	0.0	31.7
A	14.6	-11.8	0.0	2.9
BBB	22.3	-10.5	0.0	11.8
BB	4.7	-1.7	0.0	3.0
В	-0.3	-3.4	0.0	-3.7
CCC	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
CC	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
C	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
No rating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cash	3.4	0.0	0.0	3.4

# Important information

 ${\sf Cash\,may\,be\,held\,on\,deposit\,and/or\,in\,the\,Northern\,Trust\,Cash\,Funds, a\,range\,of\,collective\,investment\,schemes.}$ 

The M&G Global Macro Bond Fund is a stand alone OEIC.

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## Glossary

This glossary provides an explanation of terms used in this factsheet and in our literature.

Accumulation shares: A type of share where distributions are automatically reinvested and reflected in the value of the shares.

Asset allocation: Allocating a portfolio's assets according to risk tolerance and investment goals.

Asset-backed securities: Bonds (fixed income securities) backed by assets that produce cashflows, such as mortgage loans, credit card receivables and auto loans.

Benchmark (Constraint): The portfolio must replicate the securities contained in the benchmark and their weights. The benchmark can be an index or a sector. Depending on the fund's mandate, the managers can replicate the positions directly or via derivatives, which are instruments whose value is derived from that of an underlying security or pool of securities.

**Benchmark (Target)**: A benchmark, such as an index or sector, which the fund managers aim to match or exceed. The managers have freedom in choosing the securities and strategy by which they do so.

**Benchmark**: Measure, such as an index or sector, against which a portfolio's performance is judged.

Benchmark (Comparator): The fund managers choose the benchmark, which may be an index or a sector, as a comparator for the fund's performance, but they do not have to replicate its composition. The benchmark is not used for any other purpose, such as, for example, to serve as a reference when setting performance face.

**Bond**: A loan in the form of a security, usually issued by a government or company. It normally pays a fixed rate of interest (also known as a coupon) over a given time period, at the end of which the initial amount borrowed is repaid.

Cash equivalents: Deposits or investments with similar characteristics to cash.

Consumer prices index (CPI): An index used to measure inflation, or the rate at which prices for a basket of goods and services bought by households change. The contents of the basket are meant to be representative of products and services consumers typically spend money on, and are updated regularly.

Convertible bonds: Fixed income securities (bonds) that can be exchanged for predetermined amounts of company shares at certain times during their life.

Corporate bonds: Fixed income securities issued by a company. They are also known as bonds and can offer higher interest payments than bonds issued by governments as they are often considered more risky. Also referred to by investors as "credit."

**Coupon:** The interest paid by the government or company that has raised a loan by selling bonds. It is usually a fixed amount, calculated as a percentage of the total loan and paid out at regular intervals.

Credit default swap (CDS): An insurance-like contract that allows an investor to transfer the default risk of a bond to another investor. The buyer of the CDS pays regular premiums to the seller, who has to reimburse the buyer in the event of the underlying bond defaulting. A CDS is a type of derivative – a financial instrument whose value and price is dependent on the underlying asset.

Credit rating agency: A company that analyses the financial strength of issuers of fixed income securities (bonds) and attaches a rating to their debt. Examples include Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch.

**Derivatives:** Financial instruments whose value and price depend on one or more underlying assets. Derivatives can be used to gain exposure to, or to help protect against, expected changes in the value of the underlying investments. Derivatives may be traded on a regulated exchange or directly between two parties (over the counter)

Distribution yield: The amount that is expected to be distributed by the fund over the next 12 months expressed as a percentage of the share price as at a certain date. It is based on the expected gross income from the current portfolio calculated in accordance with the fund's distribution polices less the ongoing charges where they are deducted from income.

**Dividend yield**: Annual income distributed by a company as a percentage of its share price as at a certain date.

**Duration**: A measure of the sensitivity of a fixed income security (bond) or bond fund to changes in interest rates. The longer a bond or bond fund's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements.

Emerging economy or market: Country in the process of catching up with developed economies, with rapid growth and increasing industrialisation. Investments in emerging markets are generally considered to be riskier than those in developed markets.

**Equities:** Shares of ownership in a company. They offer investors participation in the company's potential profits, but also the risk of losing all their investment if the company goes bankrupt.

Ex-dividend, ex-distribution or xd date: The date on which declared distributions officially belong to underlying investors. On the XD date, the stock's price usually falls by the amount of the dividend, reflecting the payout.

Exposure: The proportion of a fund invested in a particular share/fixed income security/index, sector/region, usually expressed as a percentage of the overall fund.

Fixed income security: A loan in the form of a security, usually issued by a government or company, which normally pays a fixed rate of interest over a given time period, at the end of which the initial amount borrowed is repaid. Also referred to as a bond.

Floating rate notes (FRNs): Securities whose interest (income) payments are periodically adjusted depending on the change in a reference interest rate.

Gilts: Fixed income securities issued by the UK government. They are called gilts because they used to be issued on gilt-edged paper.

**Government bonds**: Loans issued in the form of fixed income securities by governments. They normally pay a fixed rate of interest over a given time period,

at the end of which the initial investment is repaid.

Hard currency (bonds): Fixed income securities (bonds) denominated in a highly traded, relatively stable international currency, rather than in the bond issuer's local currency. Bonds issued in a more stable hard currency, such as the US dollar, can be more attractive to investors where there are concerns that the local currency could lose value over time, eroding the value of bonds and their income. Hedging: A method of reducing unnecessary or unintended risk.

High yield bonds: Loans taken out in the form of fixed income securities issued by companies with a low credit rating from a recognised credit rating agency. They are considered to be at higher risk of default than better-quality, higher-rated fixed income securities, but they have the potential for higher rewards. Default means that a bond issuer is unable to meet interest payments or repay the initial amount borrowed at the end of a security's life.

**Historic yield:** The historic yield reflects distributions declared over the past 12 months as a percentage of the share price as at the date shown.

**Income shares:** A type of share where distributions (also called dividends) are paid out as cash on the payment date.

Index-linked bonds: Fixed income securities where both the value of the loan and the interest payments are adjusted in line with inflation over the life of the security. Also referred to as inflation-linked bonds.

Investment association (IA): The UK trade body that represents fund managers. It works with investment managers, liaising with government on matters of taxation and regulation, and also aims to help investors understand the industry and the investment options available to them.

Investment grade bonds: Fixed income securities issued by a government or company with a medium or high credit rating from a recognised credit rating agency. They are considered to be at lower risk of default than those issued by issuers with lower credit ratings. Default means that a borrower is unable to meet interest payments or repay the initial investment amount at the end of a security's life.

Leverage: When referring to a company, leverage is the level of a company's debt in relation to its assets. A company with significantly more debt than capital is considered to be leveraged. It can also refer to a fund that borrows money or uses derivatives to magnify an investment position.

Local currency bonds: Bonds denominated in the currency of the issuer's country, rather than in a highly traded international 'hard' currency, such as the US dollar. The value of local currency bonds tends to fluctuate more than that of bonds issued in a hard currency, as these currencies tend to be less stable.

Long position (exposure): Holding a security in the expectation that its value will

**Maturity**: The length of time until the initial amount invested in a fixed income security is due to be repaid to the holder of the security.

Modified duration: A measure of the sensitivity of a bond, or bond fund, to changes in interest rates, expressed in years. The longer a bond or bond fund's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements.

Near cash: Deposits or investments with similar characteristics to cash.

Net asset value (NAV): The current value of the fund's assets minus its liabilities.

Ongoing charge figure: The ongoing charge figure represents the operating costs investors can reasonably expect to pay under normal circumstances.

Open-ended investment company (OEIC): A type of managed fund whose value is directly linked to the value of the fund's underlying investments. The fund creates or cancels shares depending on whether investors want to redeem or purchase thom.

Options: Financial contracts that offer the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell an asset at a given price on or before a given date in the future.

Payment date: The date on which distributions will be paid by the fund to

investors, usually the last business day of the month.

Physical assets: An item of value that has tangible existence; for example cash, equipment, inventory or real estate. Physical assets can also refer to securities, such as company shares or fixed income securities.

Property expense ratio: Property expenses are the operating expenses that relate to the management of the property assets in the portfolio. These include: insurance and rates, rent review and lease renewal costs and maintenance and repairs, but not improvements. They depend on the level of activity taking place within the fund. The Property Expense Ratio is the ratio of property expenses to the fund's net asset value.

Retail prices index (RPI): A UK inflation index that measures the rate of change of prices for a basket of goods and services in the UK, including mortgage payments and council tax

Share class hedging: Activities undertaken in respect of hedged shares to mitigate the impact on performance of exchange rate movements between the fund's currency exposure and the investor's chosen currency.

Share class: Type of fund shares held by investors in a fund (share classes differ by levels of charge and/or by other features such as hedging against currency risk). Each M&G fund has different share classes, such as A, R and I. Each has a different level of charges and minimum investment. Details on charges and minimum investments can be found in the fund's Prospectus.

Share: An ownership stake in a company, usually in the form of a security. Also called equity. Shares offer investors participation in the company's potential profits, but also the risk of losing all their investment if the company goes bankrupt

**Short position (exposure)**: A way for an investor to express their view that the market might fall in value.

SICAV: In French, it stands for société d'investissement à capital variable. It is the western European version of an open-ended collective investment fund, much like

an OEIC. Common in Luxembourg, Switzerland, Italy and France, and regulated by regulators in the European Union.

**Swap**: A swap is a derivative contract where two parties agree to exchange separate streams of cashflows. A common type of swap is an interest rate swap, where one party swaps cashflows based on variable interest rates for those based on a fixed interest rate, to hedge against interest rate risk.

UCITS: Stands for Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities. This is the European regulatory framework for an investment vehicle that can be marketed across the European Union and is designed to enhance the single market in financial assets while maintaining high levels of investor protection.

Underlying yield: The amount that is expected to be earned by the fund over the next 12 months expressed as a percentage of the share price as at a certain date. It is based on the expected gross income from the current portfolio calculated in accordance with the fund's accounting policies less all ongoing charges. Unit trust: A type of managed fund whose value is directly linked to the value of the fund's underlying investments and which is structured as a trust, rather than as a company.

United Nations Global Compact: A United Nations initiative to encourage businesses worldwide to adopt sustainable and socially responsible policies and to report on their implementation.

Valuation: The worth of an asset or company, based on the present value of the cashflows it will generate.

Yield: This refers to either the interest received from a fixed income security or to the dividends received from a share. It is usually expressed as a percentage based on the investment's costs, its current market value or its face value. Dividends represent a share in the profits of a company and are paid out to the company's shareholders at set times of the year.